




Best Practices for Data Connectivity

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Agenda

- Data Connectivity Landscape
- Business Implications for Database Connectivity
- Technical Considerations for Database Connectivity
- Best Practice Approach for Data Connectivity




Database Connectivity History

- Progression of data storage technologies
 - Indexed -> Relational -> Object -> XML
- Architecture advancements
 - Mainframe -> Client/Server -> Web/App server -> SOA
- Data connectivity progression
 - Static / code embedded -> proprietary API -> standards-based APIs




Database Connectivity History

- Standards – historical and current view
 - Microsoft introduces ODBC
 - OLE DB
 - JDBC follows ODBC path
 - ADO.NET for .NET development
 - XML-based standards (e.g., XQuery)
 - SOA-based standards (e.g., WSDL)





Mainframe Data Access History

- Mainframe Data
 - Initially dominated by ISAM, VSAM, etc.
 - IBM DB2 introduced relational database technology
 - Mainframe remains primary data repository for large organizations
 - Applications that reside on other Win/UNIX/Linux require access to mainframe data & business processing
- Connectivity Approach
 - Direct access to relational data
 - Native client access
 - Standard APIs (ODBC, JDBC, ADO.NET)
 - Message Oriented Middleware options (e.g., MQ Series)
 - SOA / Web Services



Open Source Impact

- Open source alternatives have increased the number of technology options and increased the level of heterogeneity in IT shops
- Maturity of open source alternatives vary by architecture component (Operating system, RDBMS, web/app server, connectivity options)
- Open Source really means Mixed Source
 - BEA WebSphere accessing DB2 / Linux
 - JBoss accessing Oracle / UNIX
 - C++ application accessing MySQL / Linux
- Data connectivity strategy should encompass support for mixed source environments

Impact of latest technologies

- **Object-Relational Mapping (ORM)**
 - Introduced to address impedance mismatch between relational database and object-oriented models
- **Service Oriented Architecture (SOA)**
 - Web Services-based programming paradigm introduces another architecture that requires access to existing data sources
- **XQuery / XQJ**
 - Nascent standard that is focused on providing XML-based approach for accessing XML, relational and non-relational data in the Java environment

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Impact of latest technologies

- While data is still stored in a database, you need middleware to connect you to it
- All of the new architectures/technologies still rely on a data connectivity layer to connect them to the data

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Database Connectivity – Why is it so important?

- In a well-tuned environment, up to 75% of the data access time is spent in the connectivity layer
- There is a lot of literature on tuning your database server, but little on tuning your middleware
- A lot of time is spent deciding “major” architecture choices (DBMS, Environment, Language, Tools, etc.)
- In today’s environments, the database connectivity layer is even more important than it used to be
- Success of the entire project can hinge on the database connectivity layer (more later...)

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Database Connectivity – Further Cost Implications

Goal – Manage the cost / complexity of development, test and deployment

- **Eliminate development delays**
 - Unplanned costs that crop up late in the development cycle (or early in production rollout phase) can be debilitating
- **Eliminate QA delays**
 - Standards-based approach can limit the cost associated with testing multiple proprietary interfaces
- **Excessive deployment cost**
 - Eliminating need for native database components can significantly reduce deployment cost
- **Contain Network / System resource cost**
 - Connectivity design significantly impacts the network and server resources required to support an application

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Database Connectivity – Risk Mitigation

Goal – Mitigate operational and data security risk while minimizing risk reduction investment

- **Ensure data integrity and regulatory compliance**
 - Sarbanes-Oxley, Basel II, etc.
 - Secure data / credential transmission
 - Single Sign-On
- **Reduce IT Operational risk**
 - Project delivery risk
 - Operational and system downtime risk
 - Ensure interoperability / flexibility (future proof)


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Database Connectivity – Revenue/ Profit / Shareholder Value

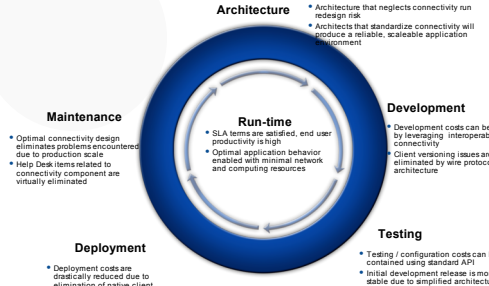
Goal – Ensure success of critical applications that directly impact revenue, profit and shareholder value

- Application performance, scalability, usability for critical applications directly impacts the bottom-line
- Superior Customer Interactions are necessary for corporate / IT success
- Service Level Agreements can be positively affected by superior database connectivity


Database Connectivity is often overlooked, but plays a key role in the success / failure of the application



Database Connectivity – Impact is not limited to developers




- Architecture**
 - Architecture that neglects connectivity run redesign risk
 - Architects that standardize connectivity will produce a reliable, scalable application environment
- Development**
 - Development costs can be reduced by leveraging interoperable connectivity
 - Client versioning issues are eliminated by wide protocol architecture
- Testing**
 - Testing / configuration costs can be contained using standard API
 - Initial development release is more stable due to simplified architecture
- Deployment**
 - Deployment costs are drastically reduced due to elimination of native client code
 - The need to update / patch the native client code is eliminated
- Maintenance**
 - Optimal connectivity design eliminates problems encountered due to production scale
 - Help Desk items related to connectivity component are virtually eliminated
- Run-time**
 - SLA items are satisfied, end user productivity is high
 - Optimal application behavior enabled with minimal network and computing resources



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Application Architecture strongly influences Data Connectivity requirements

- Data source types are closely associated with the architecture
- Method used to access data is strongly influenced by architecture type
- Most enterprises develop their new applications on the latest architectures, but “legacy” architectures and data co-exist
- Programmer experience is limited by application architecture


Mainframe Architecture (e.g., zOS)
 Client / Server Architecture
 Multi-Tier Architecture (e.g., Application Server)
 Web-based applications (e.g., HTTP)
 Web Service based applications (e.g., SOA)



Development Environment largely dictates Database Connectivity approach


- Each development environment has a preferred methodology for data connectivity
- Standards adoption / level of database connectivity maturity varies by development environment
- Abstraction between data and programming style varies between development environment
- Programmer experience is directly related to development environment

COBOL
 C / C++
 Perl / PHP
 Visual Basic
 Java
 .NET
 HTML based
 XML based



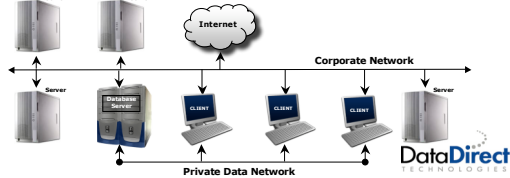
Development Environment largely dictates Database Connectivity approach

- C, C++, Perl, COBOL, etc. = ODBC
- Java = JDBC
- .NET = ADO.NET



Network Topology influences Database Connectivity requirements

- LAN / WAN topology – where the end user lives relative to the application / database influences data access approach
- Security considerations based on whether the network is private / public are critical
- Although low-level network protocol are predominantly TCP/IP-based, “application” protocols (e.g., HTTP, proprietary DB protocols) vary



Data Storage Type dictates Database Connectivity approach

- Tools used to manage, develop, test, deploy are specific to the data storage type
- Format of data storage influences data access approach
- Proprietary API used to create / access data is provided by each storage type
- Standards-based access is available for most data
- Most organizations have a heterogeneous combination of data storage types and some applications require “distributed” access to multiple formats

- Flat file format
- Index-based (e.g., ISAM, VSAM)
- Text-based documents
- Relational (e.g., Oracle, SQL Server)
- Object-Oriented
- Tag-based (XML, HTML)



Application Requirements influence Database Connectivity requirements

- Applications that directly influence the business success (revenue, cost, risk) drive the performance, scalability, reliability and availability requirements
- End user type (e.g. internal, external) dictates network topology
- Client form factor (desktop, laptop, PDA) and connection style (connected / wireless) influences query and security requirements
- Ability to meet Service Level Agreements (SLAs) or internal user expectations is paramount to IT success



Database Connectivity – What you don’t know can hurt you

- Myth – If I tune my database, network and application code, I have performance & scalability covered
 - Developer’s don’t realize that up to 75% of the data access time is spent in the middleware (vs. 25% in database engine)
- Myth – The database vendors are positioned to provide the best connectivity components
 - The database vendors treat connectivity as a check-list item
 - “Wire protocol” design passed them by
- Myth – Standards-based data access is slower than native access
 - This is a vestige of ODBC-based implementations that sit on top of the native database driver
 - “Wire protocol”-based drivers consistently outperform native database components

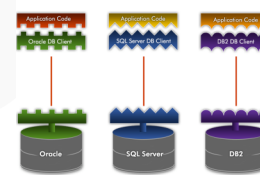


Database Connectivity Options

- Native access
- Standards-based
 - Shim approach (native client wrapped with standards-based interface)
 - Direct approach (direct access to the database via the wire protocol)
- Web Services / SOA



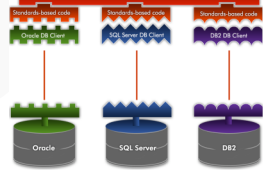
Native Database Access



- Proprietary connectivity eliminates interoperability - Each database requires different application code, which adds to development costs
- Excessive deployment cost - Database clients must be deployed, which results in administration overhead.
- Performance & scalability limitations - Extra layer in communication stack degrades performance/scalability.



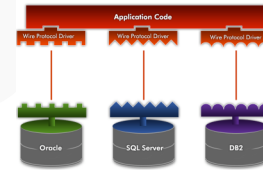
Shim-based Standards API Approach



- Interoperability provided by standard API - Single version of application code for all databases cuts development costs.
- Excessive deployment cost - Database clients must be deployed, which results in administration overhead.
- Performance & scalability limitations - Extra layer in communication stack degrades performance/scalability.

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Wire Protocol Standards API Approach



- Interoperability provided by standard API - Single version of application code for all databases cuts development costs.
- Streamlined deployment - no database client eliminates administration overhead.
- Optimal performance & scalability - Direct communication with database results in better performance/scalability.

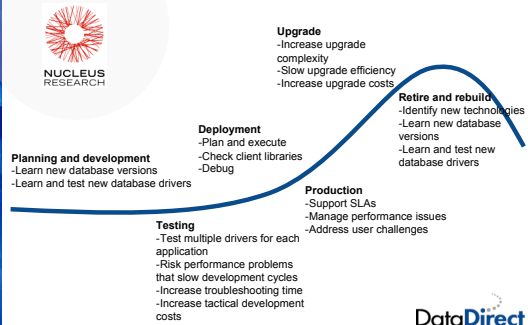
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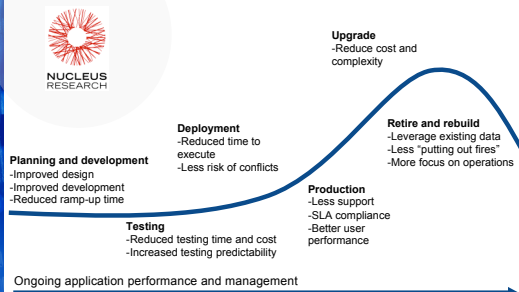
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Pitfalls of ad-hoc data connectivity



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Benefits associated with a well planned connectivity strategy



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Data Connectivity Best Practices – Strategic Considerations

- Invest in your core competency, don't allocate your development resources to middleware components
- Think strategically, not tactically
 - Design in flexibility – technology will change, make sure that your approach is extensible
 - Design in interoperability – don't limit yourself to a single data source option
 - Don't sacrifice application performance, scalability, reliability
- Consider the "hidden" business implications related to database connectivity
- Your application architecture is as strong as the weakest component in the stack, don't neglect the data connectivity layer

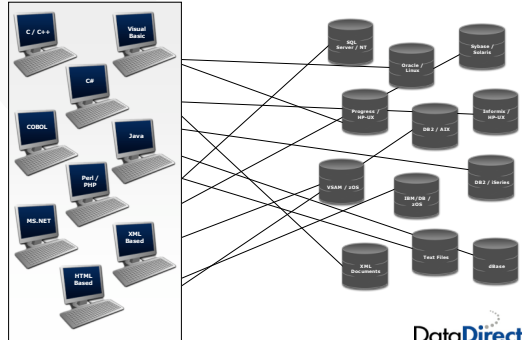
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Data Connectivity Best Practices – Technical Considerations

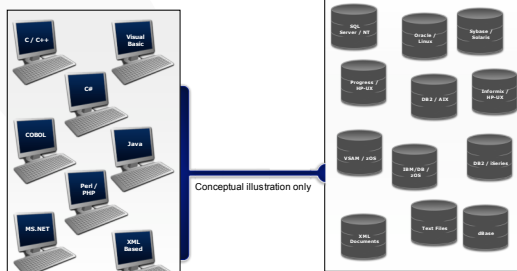
- Satisfy application requirements
 - Performance, Scalability, Availability, Reliability
- Meet the needs of your heterogeneous environment
 - Server platforms, development strategies, databases
- Design for interoperability
 - Connectivity architecture should enable interoperability
- Don't limit application functionality
 - Connectivity solution should provide robust functionality
- Comply with security regulations
 - Satisfy your security / regulatory requirements
- Effectively leverage network & server resources
 - Design should ensure optimal network / server utilization



Data Connectivity is complicated by heterogeneous environments



Standards-based architecture simplifies database connectivity



Conceptual illustration only

This approach provides the best possible functional solution while minimizing development, deployment and run-time resources



Questions / Discussion

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